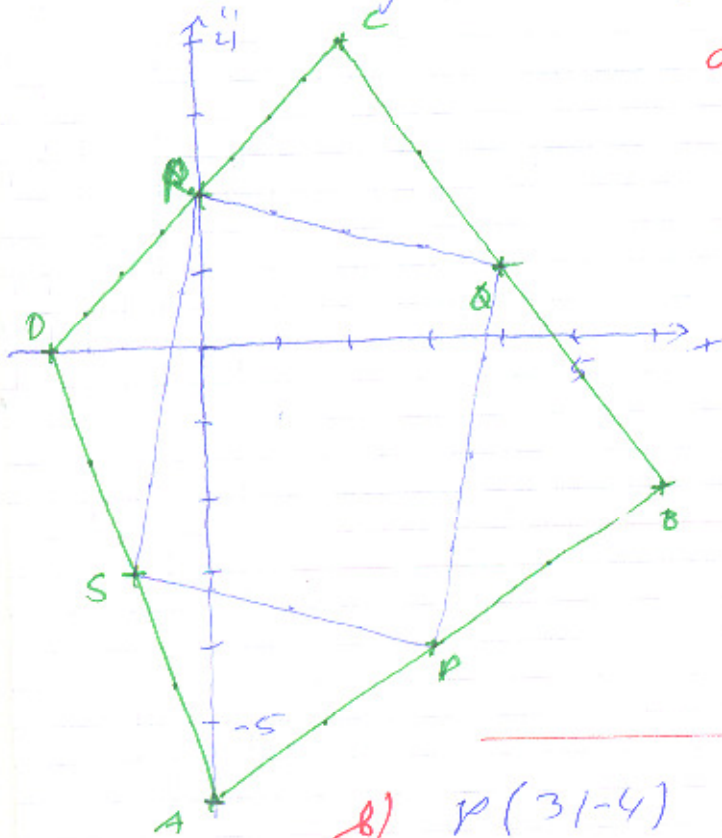


Lösung Aufgabe 2



a) $|AB| = \sqrt{36+16} = \sqrt{52} = 7,21$
 $|BC| = \sqrt{16+36} = \sqrt{52} = 7,21$
 $|CD| = \sqrt{16+16} = \sqrt{32} = 5,66$
 $|DA| = \sqrt{36+4} = \sqrt{40} = 6,32$
 $u = 26,4 \text{ LE}$ ①

$A = 10 \cdot 8 - \frac{1}{2} \cdot (16 + 24 + 24 + 12)$
 $= 80 - (8 + 12 + 12 + 6)$
 $= 42 \text{ FE}$ ②

b) $P(3|-4) \quad Q(4|1) \quad m_{PQ} = 5$
 $|PQ| = \sqrt{26}$

$S(-1|-3) \quad R(0|2) \quad m_{SR} = 5$
 $|SR| = \sqrt{26}$

Ein Paar paralleler Gleichungen Seite \Rightarrow Parall.

oder ③ $m_{SP} = -\frac{1}{5} \quad m_{RQ} = -\frac{1}{5}$

$|SP| = \sqrt{17} \quad |RQ| = \sqrt{17}$

Gegenüberliegend \Rightarrow parallele \Rightarrow gleichung ④

c) $\alpha = \angle PSR = \alpha = \angle RQP$

$\tan \alpha = \frac{5 + \frac{1}{5}}{1 - \frac{1}{5}} = -21 \quad \alpha = \alpha = 92,73^\circ$

$\tan \beta = \frac{-\frac{1}{5} - 5}{1 - \frac{1}{5}} = 21 \quad \beta = \beta = 87,27^\circ$ 2

d) $A = a \cdot h_a = a \cdot d \cdot \sin \alpha$ ⑤

$\frac{d}{a} \cdot h_a$ ⑥

$\sin d = \frac{h_a}{d} \Rightarrow h_a = d \cdot \sin d$ ⑦

e) $A = \sqrt{17} \cdot \sqrt{26} \cdot \sin 92,7^\circ$ d) 3

$A = 21 \text{ FE}$ 2

$A = 4,1 \cdot 5,1 \cdot \sin 92,7^\circ$ e) 1

$A = 20,89 \text{ FE}$